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Rocky Mountain Wild Flowers

The State Flower of Montana, the dear little Bitter Root. Is surely worthy of all the praise of both song and lute. Although she is quite small, she has daintiness and grace. And never tries to hide the pink blushes on her face.

For many thousand years she has smiled upon the land, and her needs are always few, just sun and desert sand. Empires have come and gone, and wars have got no lighter, she's a dainty flower of peace, to make the world brighter.



S. A. CAMP OVANDO MONTANA



Customers--Please read carefully!



In catering to the public through the medium of this catalog, we wish to say it is our earnest desire to be worthy of the confidence of every patron, that every order, regardless of how small or how large, will be filled with the most scrupulous care with the best quality and size of varieties, and true to name.

All flower lovers should appreciate the opportunity they now have of becoming familiar with the beautiful wild flowers of the Rocky Mountain region. There is no practical reason why many of our most beautiful wild flowers should not be much in evidence in cultivated gardens, combining as they do, ease of culture with an airiness and grace, and beautiful soft, refined colors, which places them in a class entirely by themselves. We endeavor to give sufficient cultural instructions to make success reasonably certain, and if followed, our patrons will experience no difficulty in attaining satisfactory results.

Owing to the fact that some varieties are collected plants, we fill orders from early spring until late fall. As many wild flowers die down to the ground after flowering and forming seeds, care should be taken not to disturb the roots, which still remain green, but dormant, and put forth a new plant the following season. With many varieties, the best time for transplanting is after blooming in the spring, when they remain dormant until the fall, or the next spring. For these plants, such as Iris, Dodecatheon, Delphinium Bi-Color, Mertensia Cypripedium, etc., the best time for planting is June, July and August.

While we are in a position to furnish any plant, or quantity of plants, indigenous to Montana, we have listed but the most desirable varieties, selected for their beauty and ease of culture.

All plants listed are sent postpaid anywhere in United States, unless otherwise noted; when they are sent by express or freight, purchaser paying charges. No plants sent C. O. D.

We make no substitutions except on special request.

After the goods leave our control, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to condition, and assume no responsibility through failure or delay in transit. Keep a duplicate of your order, and notify us promptly in case of errors on our part, as it is our desire that customers should be satisfied in every respect.

S. A. CAMP,

Ovando, Montana.

- ACHILLEA, Milfoil, Boule de Neige. A pretty little white flower, very dourable, and grows about 18 inches tall. Considered superior to the Pearl, of the milfoils.
- ACONITUM napellus. Monkshood. Bluish purple flowers on long spike, 4 to 5 feet tall. Blooms in the fall. Very peculiar, odd-shaped flowers.
- **ANAPHALIS** margaritacae. Native. A pretty little everlasting; a foot tall, with double white flowers. Velvety light green foliage. Grows in sun or shade.
- ANTHEMIS kelwayi. Grows 2 feet tall, with deep yellow ray flowers, over 2 inches across. Blooms all summer, and excellent as a cut flower.
- AQUILEGIA flavescens. Native columbine. 1 to 3 feet high, with clear, golden yellow flowers. A very beautiful, graceful flower. Does well in sun or shade.
- **AQUILEGIA,** Gold Medal Hybrids. Finest long-spurred, in many combinations of colors.
- AQUILEGIA, Mrs. Scott Elliotts Bybrids. A very superior strain, containing many beautiful colors.
- AQUILEGIA truncata. This is a beautiful bright red and yellow variety from Alaska. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall, and does well in sun or shade.
- ARNICA cordifolium. Native. Grows a foot or more tall, in either sun or shade. Flowers clear bright yellow, over two inches across. One of the finest ray flowers we have. Lasts well as a cut flower.
- ASTER laevis, var. geyeri. Native. This is our most beautiful, perennial aster. 2 feet high, with clear blue flowers an inch across.
- ASTER Novae belgae. Two feet tall, with flowers an inch or more in diameter, of clear, soft rose color. Blooms earlier than most perennial asters.
- CAMPANULA persicifolia. Large bell-shaped white flowers, 2 inches across. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall.
- CASTILLEJA miniata. Native. Two feet high, with bright vermilion red flowers and bracts. Found growing in sun or light shade, and is known locally as Indian Paint Brush.
- CHIMAPHILLA umbellata. Princes Pine. A native evergreen plant, 8 inches high, with white or pink flowers. Shade.

- CHRYSOPSIS hispida. Small Golden Aster. Native. Bushy plants, 6 inches tall, covered with bright yellow flowers, an inch across. Dry, sunny situation. An ideal plant for the rock garden.
- **CLEMATIS** Douglasii. Native. Bushy plants, a foot high, with finely cut foliage, and velvety, dark-purple flowers in spring. Full sun and a rather dry soil.
- **CLINTONIA** uniflora. Queen Cups. Native. The queen of all the snowy flower-cups of the alpine forests. This beautiful little plant grows 8 inches tall, with foliage resembling Lily of the Valley. Flowers lily-shaped, over an inch in diameter, clear waxy white. Grows in shade.
- CORALLORHIZA maculata. Coral Root. Native. A curious parasitic and saprophyte plant, having no leaves, and thiving upon decaying vegetation. The flower stalks are purplish, 18 inches high, with numerous small flowers of a purplish color, white-lipped and spotted with purple. Grows in shade.
- CYPRIPEDIUM montanum. Mountain Lady Slipper. Native. Grows 18 to 24 inches tall, in shady woods and thickets. Fragrant white flowers, veined with purple, and the sepals are brown. An odd and beautiful flower. Very rare. Will do well in garden soil, but must be shady, and no fertilizer. The most suitable time for replanting is July. 35c each, \$3.00 per doz.
- **DAISY**, Floradale. Fine, pure white flowers, 3 inches across, semi-double, and blooms all summer. Fine for cutting.
- **DELPHINUM** belladonna. Larkspur. 4 to 6 feet tall, with large, clear, light blue flowers. The most popular larkspur.
- **DELPHINUM** bellamosum. Same as above, but has brilliant deep blue flowers.
- **DELPHINIUM** bi-color. Native. A foot tall, with large purple flowers in open panicles. Blooms early in spring, thus extending the larkspur season. A fine plant for rock gardens.
- **DELPHINUM** Chinensis. Butterfly Flower. Grows 18 inches high, with brilliant blue flowers.
- **DELPHINUM** Chinensis alba. Same as above, but with white flowers.
- **DELPHINUM** Moerheimi. Grows 7 feet high, with long spikes of large, white flowers. An exceptionally fine variety.

- **DELPHINUM**, Vanderbilts Hybrids. Very large flowers, of many fine colors, single. Semi-double and double.
- **DELPHINIUM**, Wrexhams. Very similar to the above, and a fine variety.
- **DICENTRA** spectabilis. Bleeding Heart. Two feet high, with fine foliage, and graceful, heart-shaped pink and white flowers. Heavy, field-grown clumps. 25c each, not postpaid.
- DODECATHEON pauciflorus. Shooting Star. Native. A charming little plant, about 10 inches tall. Deep pink flowers, with delicate fragrance. Does well in light shade, or full sun, and common garden soil.
- **DORONICUM** excelsum. One of the finest, early spring-flowering perennials. Does well in sun or light shade. Ray flowers 3 inches across, bright yellow color, on stems 2 feet tall. Splendid as a cut flower.
- ERIGERON Salsuginosus. Mountain Daisy. Native. Grows 1 to 2 feet tall, with lavender or pink ray flowers, about 2 inches in diameter, with yellow centers. Situation, sun or light shade.
- ERIOPHYLLUM lanatum. Native. A deep, chrome yellow, daisy-shaped flower, 2 inches across. Grows a foot high, in dry situations and full sunlight. Blooms all summer, and makes a fine plant for the rock garden.
- GAILLARDIA grandiflora. Hybrids of combinations of colors, yellow, crimson, orange, vermilion, etc. Blooms all season and makes a fine cut flower.
- GALIUM boreale. Native. A foot high, with numerous, small, white fragrant flowers in large panicles. Easily grown in sun or light shade.
- **GYPSOPHLLIA** paniculata. Babys Breath. Plants form a large bush, 3 feet high and 4 feet across, covered with small white flowers, much used with cut flowers.
- HABERNARIA dilitata. White Rein Orchis. Native. These exquisite orchids grow in moist mountain meadows, in full sun. Stalks grow 2 feet high, with a spike of waxywhite, fragrant blooms.
- HELIOPSIS scabra zinniaflora. A new double flowering variety with golden-yellow blooms over two inches across. Grows 3 feet high. Showy in the perennial border, and makes a fine cut flower.

- HYPERICUM Scouleri. Native. 1 foot high, with beautiful bright yellow flowers in terminal clusters. Flowers are three-quarter inch in diameter. Garden soil and sun meet all its requirements.
- IRISES. The iris may be planted in either spring, summer or fall, but soon after they have finished flowering is considered the best time. Give a sunny location, and plant them with the rhizomes at the surface of the soil, and pack the soil around the fibrous roots. Our irises are unexcelled We have a large surplus of irises, and offer the following choice varieties, postpaid, at 15 cts. each, \$1.00 per doz.
- BLACK PRINCE. Standards, Lilac, falls are rich velvety black.
- CELESTE, Standards and falls are pale azure-blue.
- DR. BERNICE, Standards coppery bronze. Falls are velvety-crimson.
- FAIRY, S. and F. white, delicately shaded soft light blue.
- FLAVESCENS, S. and F., a beautiful shade of fine soft yellow.
- **FLORENTINA** alba, S. and F., pearly white, faintly flushed with lavender. Very fragrant.
- HER MAJESTY, S. lovely rose-pink. F. deeper pink, flushed with crimson. A very beautiful variety.
- INNOCENZA, Standards and falls ivory white. A fine, large flower.
- JUNIATA, S. and F. clear blue. A very large fragrant flower.
- KHARPUT, S and F. dark purple. Large and fine. One of the best.
- LADY JANE, S. coppery rose, F. purplish red, with white veining.
- LOHENGRIN, S. and F. uniform shade of soft rose. Large,
- MADAME CHEREAU, S. and F. white, edged with blue. This is a very popular variety.
- MISSOURIENSIS. This is the iris which is native to most of the Rocky Mountain region, and it is well worthy of cultivation in any garden. The falls and standards are flushed with pale lavender, delicately veined with blue and violet. Does well in any garden soil.

- MONSIGNOR, large flower of satiny violet and purplish crimson.
- RHEIN NIXE, S. pure white. F. raspberry red, edged and reticulated with white. A large, extra fine variety.
- SHERWIN-WRIGHT, S. and F. are a rich yellow, without any markings. This is the very finest yellow and a fine flower.
- WYOMISSING, S. creamy white. F. rose with a flesh-colored border.
- IRIS SIBIRICA, S. and F. brilliant blue. This iris is of different habit than those listed above, having grassier foliage and wiry stems three feet tall.
- IRIS SIBIRICA, SNOW QUEEN. Same as above, but the standards and falls are clear, ivory white.
- 1RIS PUMILA, Atroviolacae. S. and F. purple. A dwarf variety about eight inches high.
- LAPPULA floribunda. Native. Resembles a for-get-me-not. Grows two feet high. One of the finest real blue flowers of the Rocky Mountains. A brilliant, deep, sky-blue. The corolla is a half inch across, the large panicles of bloom forming a brilliance of coloring in the mountain meadows.
- LEWISIA rediviva. Bitter Root. Native. This beautiful flower has been honored by being made the state flower of Montana, a position it most fittingly deserves. Named by Pursh in 1806 for Capt. Meriwether Lewis. The plant grows but a few inches high, with large, satiny-pink flowers. A beautiful subject for the rock garden. Roots used by the Indians as food. Should have a rather dry soil and full sun.
- LUPINUS laxiflorus. Native Lupine. 2 to 3 feet high, with long spikes of blue flowers. Does well in sun or shade.
- LUPINUS Moerheimi. A hardy, robust variety, 3 feet high, with spikes of pea-shaped flowers in various shades of pink and rose color. A beautiful acquisition to the lupine family.
- LYCHNIS chalcedonica. Maltese Cross. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, with fiery, vermilion red flowers in large clusters.
- LYCHNIS chalcedonica alba. Same as above, but with white flowers.
- MERTENSIA oblongifolia. Blue Bells. Native. 10 to 12 inches high, with clusters of beautiful, clear-blue flowers, with rose-colored buds. Ordinary garden soil and full sun seems to satisfy all its requirements.

- MIMULUS Langsdorfii. Monkey Flower. Native. Inhabits moist places in full sun. One foot tall, with beautiful, bright yellow flowers 2 inches long, bell-shaped, over an inch across.
- MIMULUS Lewisii. Native. This handsome plant grows near mountain streams, and is about 2 feet high. Flowers 2 inches long, of bright rose color. Grows in sun or shade.
- PENTSTEMON cyanthus. Native. Flowers clear, soft blue, on 2-foot stems. The corolla has a white throat, artistically shaded with deep sky-blue. The foliage is bright glossy green. One of our most beautiful and conspicuous wild flowers, and a fine plant at all seasons. Improves with cultivation.
- **PENTSTEMON** torreyi. Height 3 feet. Flowers more than an inch long, vivid scarlet, and growing in long spikes. Native to many localities in the West.
- PHLOX divaricata. Wild Blue Phlox. A foot tall, blooming early in spring, and has fragrant, lavender-colored flowers.
- PHLOX Douglasii. Native. This little plant is a fine subject for the rock garden. Is but a few inches tall. Blooms in early spring, and when in flower seems to color acres of ground, with lavender and pink.
- PHLOX, Miss Lingard. Two feet tall and early flowering. This grand white variety is the most popular phlox grown.
- **PULSATILLA** hirsutissima. Wind Flower. Native. Grows 8 to 12 inches high, with deep, lavender-blue flowers, 2 inches or more across. Blooms very early in spring, before the snow is all gone.
- **PYRETHRUM** hybridum. Beautiful hardy perennials, 2 feet tall, with fine, fern-like foliage, and ray flowers, ranging from white to crimson.
- PYRETHRUM, Lady Mae. A beautiful shade of soft, salmon pink, with broad, overlapping petals. Grows 3 feet tall. There is probably no finer pyrethrum grown than this variety. Superfine in every respect. 35c each, \$3.50 per doz.
- **PYROLA** asarifolia. Native. A little woodland plant growing 10 inches tall, with spikes of waxy flowers, flushed with pink and rose.
- PYROLA chlorantha. Native. Habit of growth similar to the above variety, but has white flowers. All pyrolas grow in deep shade.

- RANUNCULUS pygmaeus. Pigmy Buttercup. Native. One of the first flowers to bloom in spring, before the snow is all gone. Grows but 2 inches high, with brilliant yellow flowers an inch across. An early spring bloomer for the rock garden.
- RUDBECKIA, Golden Glow. An old-fashioned flower, but still very popular, which proves it has merit. 7 to 8 feet high, with large, double, yellow flowers more than 2 inches across. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.
- SEDUM Douglasii. Native. A fine little plant for the rock garden. Reddish stems 6 to 10 inches high. Foliage fleshy and yellowish green. Star-shaped flowers, bright yellow, three-quarter inch across. Rocky soil in full sun.
- SIDALCEA Oregana. Native. Has showy, conspicuous foliage, stems 3 feet tall, with numerous pink, fragrant flowers, each an inch across. Grows in full sun or light shade.
- SOLIDAGO serotina. Golden Rod. Native. This is our finest golden rod. Grows 1 to 2 feet tall, with graceful, feathery plumes of brilliant yellow flowers. Blooms from midsummer till late fall. Give a dry sunny location. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.
- THALICTRUM Fendleri. Native. This is conspicuous for its grace and airy effect, resembling Maidenhair Fern. 2 feet tall, with small, greenish flowers like gossamer tassels. Smooth, finely cut, bright green leaves. Shady location. Fine, used with cut flowers.
- VAGNERA amplexicaulis. Smilacena. Native. 2 feet tall, with a feathery cluster of fragrant, cream-colored flowers. Shady woods.
- VIOLA Canadensis. Native. Flowers bluish white. Stems sometimes a foot or more tall. Prefers shade.
- VIOLA glabra. Woods Violet. Native. Is violet-blue color, and grows in sun or shade.
- VIOLA scabriuscula. Native. Found in dry locations and full sun. Flowers are bright yellow, veined purplish black.
- VIOLA venosa. Native. The earliest violet we have. Bright yellow, veined with purple, and grows 3 inches high. Grows in deep shade of pine woods.

- XEROPHYLLUM tenax. Elk Lily. Bear Grass. Native. A magnificant plant, 3 to 5 feet tall. The flower cluster grows at the top of a long stalk, and is composed of hundreds of fragrant, creamy-white flowers, a half-inch across. Gritty soil in either sun or shade. The Indians make their finest baskets from the long, grassy leaves growing at the base of this plant. 40c each, \$4.00 per doz.
- SHRUBS AND VINES—All shrubs are quoted at 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen, unless otherwise noted. Add ten per cent of the value of your order, if you wish shrubs sent by mail.
- **AMELANCHIER** alnifolia. Western Service Berry. Native. 6 to 10 feet tall, and in spring is a mass of white blooms, followed by purplish, edible berries.
- ATRAGENE Occidentalis. Purple Clematis. A native vine. This is one of the few ornamental vines found growing wild in the Rocky Mountains. Grows about 15 feet long, over thickets and pine trees. Has wiry, purplish stems, and bright violet-blue flowers, 3 inches across.
- BERBERIS repens. Oregon Grape. Native. This handsome and conspicuous little shrub grows but a foot high, and has evergreen leaves resembling holly, which turn crimson in the fall, and are used for Christmas decorations. The flowers grow in panicles, 4 inches long, and are a rich, bright yellow. The fruit is a blue berry, and makes delicious, tart jelly.
- PACHISTIMA myrsinites. Native. A handsome evergreen shrub, growing 3 feet high, with small wiry branches, covered with bright green, serrated leaves an inch long. The branches of this beautiful little shrub are used as Christmas decorations. Grows in light shade.
- PHILADELPHUS Lewisii. Native. Grows 6 to 8 feet high, and in June is covered with fragrant blossoms, over an inch in diameter, clear waxy-white, with golden centers of numerous yellow stamens.
- PYRUS sambucifolia. Western Mountain Ash. Native. Grows 5 feet tall, with beautiful, graceful foliage, and large corymbs of cream-colored flowers in spring, and small, orange-red berries in the fall. Sun or shade.
- SPIREA lucida. Native, Grows two feet high, bearing corymbs of fluffy, cream-colored flowers, tinged white pink, and very fragrant. Grows in light shade generally, but does well in full sunlight.

- SYMPHORICARPUS occidentalis. Native. The Western variety of snowberry. Grows 2 feet high, and in autumn bears an abundance of round, waxy-white berries.
- WILD ROSE. Native. There are several varieties of wild roses indigenous to this section, but we list but one, which grows 3 feet tall, with no thorns, being as smooth as a willow. The stems are crimson. There is no shade of pink in any flower that surpasses the exquisite coloring of these beautiful, fragrant blossoms. Grows in sun or light shade.
- BULBS. We deliver bulbs after Sept. 1st, and they may be planted at any time before the ground freezes, but it is best to plant them soon after their receipt. We book orders at any time, from early spring to late autumn. All bulbs 50c per doz., postpaid.
- CALOCHORTUS Nuttalli. Butterfly tulip. Native. Grows a foot tall, with white flowers over two inches across. Plant 2 inches deep and 3 inches apart in sun or shade.
- CAMASSIA quamash. Native. This beautiful flower is found growing in mountain meadows, and is 2 feet high. Flowers deep blue 2 inches or more across, and 5 to 25 blossoms on each stem. Fine for naturalizing. Plant 3 inches deep and 5 inches apart. The bulbs are used by the Indians as food.
- ERYTHRONIUM gradiflorum. Dog-tooth Violet. Native. Grows a foot tall, with fragrant, bright yellow, lily-shaped flowers, over 3 inches across, and 2 to 5 flowers to each stalk. Plant 4 inches deep in partly shaded location.
- FRITILLARIA pudica. Golden Bells. Native. 8 inches tall. Golden yellow bell-shaped flowers, over an inch long. Plant 2 inches deep and 3 inches apart in sunny location.
- NARCISSUS, Alba Odorata. Flowers double, waxy-white, exquisitely beautiful and delicately fragrant. Considered the grandest narcissus grown.
- NARCISSUS Poeticus Ornatus. Flowers large, pure white, yellowish cup with scarlet edge.
- SCILLA campanulata. Wood Hyacinth. A foot to 18 in. high with spikes of bell-shaped blue flowers. Fine for naturalizing.
- TRITELEIA grandiflora. Indian Hyacinth. Native. Wiry stems 2 feet tall with a cluster of blue, fragrant flowers, each an inch long. Plant 3 inches deep. Sun or light shade.

TULIP, Beacon Light. 12 inch. Double glowing scarlet.

TULIP, Schoonard. 12 inch. The finest double white.

TULIP, Tournesol. 12 inch. Double yellow streaked scarlet.

TULIP, Darwin, Ariadne. Bright scarlet with blue base.

TULIP, Darwin La Tulipe Noire. Dark, velvety blackish maroon.

TULIP, Darwin White Queen. Large, pure white tinged pink.

TULIPS, Cottage. Inglescombe. Yellow. Immense canary-yellow.







